

**B.Tech. Degree IV Semester (Special Supplementary)
Examination in Instrumentation
June 2004**

IN 403 CONTROL ENGINEERING I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

PART - A

*(Answer any five questions)
(All questions carry equal marks)*

(5 x 5 = 25)

- 4
- (b) Construct the root locus of the system of
- $$G(s)H(s) = \frac{k(s+2)}{s^2 + 2s + 2} \quad (8)$$
- OR**
- (a) List the properties of root-loci. (6)
- (b) Sketch the root locus plot for a unity feedback system with
- $$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s^2 + 4s + 13)} \quad (9)$$
- (a) Draw the circuit and write the T.F of the phase-lag and phase lead compensation networks. (5)
- (b) The open loop T.F. of an uncompensated system
- $$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$$
- The system is to be compensated to meet the following specifications.
- Damping ratio $\delta = 0.5$
- Settling time $t_s = 10$ seconds
- Velocity error constant $k_v \geq 5$
- Design a suitable compensator. (10)
- OR**
- (a) Derive the T.F. for phase-lag compensator. Sketch its Bode plot. (7)
- (b) Explain the design procedure for lead compensator in frequency domain. (8)

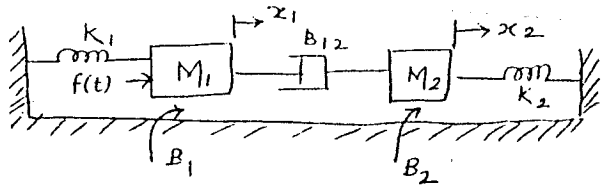
- L (a) List the effects of feedback in a control system.
- (b) State and explain Mason's gain formula for signal flow graph.
- (c) What are the different static error constants and what are their values for a type I system?
- (d) Sketch and explain the responses of the systems with variation in the location of roots of the characteristic equation in S-plane.
- (e) What is a polar plot and how stability of control systems can be assessed by this plot?
- (f) How will you determine angle of departure and angle of arrival of root locus?
- (g) What is the need of compensation networks in control systems?

(Turn over)

PART - B

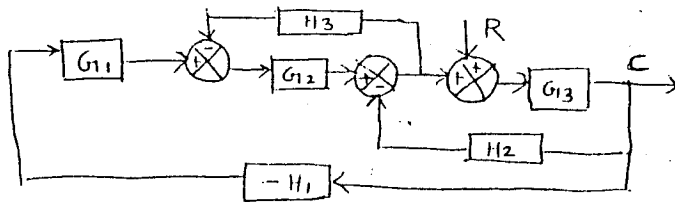
(Answer ALL questions)
(All questions carry EQUAL marks) (15 x 5 = 75)

- II. (a) Define transfer function of a system, what are their disadvantages? (5)
- (b) Obtain the T.F $\frac{X_1(s)}{F(s)}$ and $\frac{X_2(s)}{F(s)}$ for the following system. (10)



OR

- III. (a) Obtain the differential equations of a room heating system. (7)
- (b) Obtain the T.F $\frac{R}{C}$ for the following network. (8)



- IV. (a) Derive the expressions for the peak time (t_p) and peak overshoot (M_p) of a second order system when subjected to unit step input. (8)
- (b) By means of Routh's stability criterion, determine the stability of the system represented by the characteristic equation $s^6 + 2s^5 + 8s^4 + 12s^3 + 20s^2 + 16s + 16 = 0$. (7)

OR

- V. (a) Briefly discuss the behaviour of a first order system when subjected to unit step, unit ramp and unit acceleration inputs. (7)
- (b) For a unity feedback control system with open loop transfer function $\frac{20}{(s+1)(s+5)}$, obtain undamped natural frequency, damping factor, peak time, maximum overshoot. (8)

- VI. (a) Explain Nyquist stability criterion. (5)
- (b) By applying Nyquist stability criterion, determine value of 'k' for which system is just stable.

$$G(s) = \frac{k(s+2)}{(s+1)(s-1)}, H(s) = 1 \quad (10)$$

OR

- VII. (a) Explain gain margin and phase margin. (5)
- (b) Determine gain margin and phase margin of a unity feedback system having open loop T.F $G(s) = \frac{10}{j\omega(0.1j\omega+1)(0.05j\omega+1)}$ using Bode Plot. (10)

- VIII. (a) Explain the effects of adding poles and zeroes to the system on its stability and speed of response. (7)