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THREE YEAR LL.B DEGREE I SEMESTER EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2015

C.3 LAW OF CRIMES

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

PART A

(Answer *ANY FIVE* questions)

(5 × 4 = 20)

- I. (a) When does a person become liable for the acts committed by others?
 (b) What is qualified immunity? What are the differences between Indian and English law? regarding qualified immunity?
 (c) Explain the scope of the plea of unsoundness of mind (insanity) as a defence to criminal charge.
 (d) Distinguish between giving false evidence and fabricating false evidence.
 (e) What are the inchoate offences under the IPC?
 (f) Critically examine changes made in offence of rape in IPC.
 (g) What are the offences relating to marriage as envisaged under IPC?
 (h) Kidnapping and abduction.



PART B

(Answer *ANY TWO* questions)

(2 × 6 = 12)

- II. A goes to a market fired off and left his gun empty. B in the mean time went out shooting with the gun and left it loaded. A on returning to his house took up the gun for cleaning, while doing so the gun went off and killed his wife. Discuss the criminal liability of A.
- III. A knows that B is a heart patient and any shock can end his life. A arranges to send a false telegram to B informing him that his only son died in a scooter accident. B survives the shock but lies bed ridden for some time and dies later. What offence, if any, has A committed?
- IV. H committed murder and concealed the dead body of the deceased in his house and commanded A, his wife, not to allow anybody to enter the house. A followed her husband's command and, without removing the dead body, locked up the door and did not allow anyone to enter the house in the absence of her husband. What offence, if any, has A committed?

PART C

(Answer *ANY TWO* questions)

(2 × 9 = 18)

- V. "The act and intent both must concur to constitute a crime". Comment. Are there any exception to this rule under IPC?
- VI. Define culpable homicide and explain when does it amount to murder.
- VII. Explain the essentials of offences of theft. State the circumstances under which it will become extortion, robbery and dacoity.