

B. Tech Degree III Semester Examination
November 2005

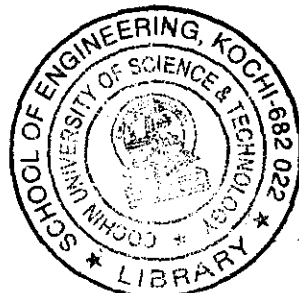
IT/CS 303 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES
(1999 Admissions onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

- I. (a) Verify by truth table –
 $\sim (p \wedge q) \equiv \sim p \vee \sim q$. (5)
- (b) Prove that $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \leftrightarrow q)$ is a tautology. (5)
- (c) By mathematical induction, prove that –
 $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$. (10)
- OR**
- II. (a) Find the number of distinct permutations that can be formed from all the letters of the word 'RADAR'. (6)
- (b) In how many ways can a committee consisting of three men and two women be chosen from seven men and five women. (6)
- (c) Box A Contains five red marbles and three blue marbles and box B contains three red and two blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random from each box. Find the probability that both marbles are red. Find the probability that one is red and one is blue. (8)
- III. (a) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\}$ and let \sim be the relation on $A \times A$ defined by $(a, b) \sim (c, d)$ if $a + d = b + c$. Prove that \sim is an equivalence relation. (10)
- (b) Draw the digraph corresponding to following matrices :
 (i) $M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (ii) $M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (10)
- OR**
- IV. (a) Let R and S be the relations on $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ defined by
 $R = \{(1, 1), (3, 1), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3)\}$
 $S = \{(1, 3), (2, 1), (3, 1), (3, 2), (4, 4)\}$
 Find the composition relation RoS . (10)
- (b) Define a partition of a non-empty set S . Find all partitions of $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$. (10)
- V. (a) Define a Eulerian graph and draw a graph with six vertices which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian. (10)

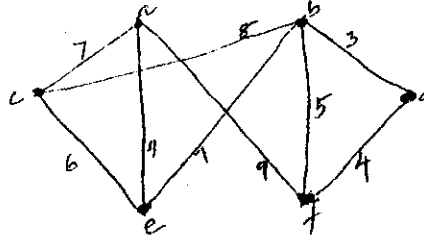
(Turn Over)



- (b) Define a Hamiltonian graph and prove that a finite connected graph G is an Eulerian if and only if each vertex has even degree. (10)

OR

- VI. (a) Find the minimal spanning tree using Prim's algorithm. (10)



- (b) Explain the Fleury algorithm to produce Euler tour for the graph. (10)

- VII. (a) Define a group and an abelian group. (10)
 (b) Show that identity element in a group is unique. (5)
 (c) Show that inverse of any element in a group is unique. (5)

OR

- VIII. Define a group homomorphism. Let G be the group of real numbers under addition and let G' be the group of positive real numbers under multiplication. Show that the mapping $f: G \rightarrow G'$ defined by $f(a) = 2^a$ is a homomorphism. (20)

- IX. Define a lattice. Let S be the power set of $\{a, b, c\}$. Draw the Hasse diagram of S . (20)

OR

- X. (a) Explain the properties of a lattice. (10)
 (b) If L is a lattice, then prove that $a \wedge b = a$ if and only if $a \vee b = b$. (10)
